## **■** CORE**VEST** DROKER+ PROGRAM OVERVIEW

Thank you for your interest in the CoreVest American Finance Lender LLC ("CoreVest") Broker+ Program. Through our Broker+ Program, we offer our partners ready access to our market leading financial products for residential real estate investors. Key Broker+ Program benefits include:

- √ Strong earnings potential with quarterly volume bonus programs
- ✓ Dedicated support with streamlined approval process
- √ Easy to use technology platform
- ✓ Proven partner with certainty of funds

Our Broker+ Program is available to experienced commercial loan brokers, residential loan brokers, real estate brokers and other third-parties. The requirements are straightforward, minimum of 2 years' experience with real estate transactions and a history of treating clients well. To get started today please review, complete and return the information and materials requested below:

BR	BROKER+ APPROVAL PACKAGE		
1	Broker+ Application (enclosed)		
2	Disclosure Statements (enclosed)		
3	Broker + Referral Agreement (enclosed)		
4	Signed and dated IRS Form W-9 (enclosed)		

Once we receive your completed application package, we will review it promptly and work to get you started with our Broker+ program as soon as possible. We look forward to working with you!

#### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

CoreVest's Broker+ Program is available only for commercial mortgage loans, that (a) are secured by nonowner occupied residential rental/investment properties, and (b) are intended as an extension of credit for business, commercial or agricultural purposes under 12 C.F.R. 1024.5.

## **₽** CORE**VEST** BROKER+ APPLICATION

COMPANY INFORMATION			
Legal Name:	Company NMLS ID:		
DBA Name:	Business Tax ID (EIN):		
Address:	Business Entity:		
City:	State of Inc. /Org:		
State:	Number Employees:		
Zip Code:	Parent Company:		
Website:	State Licenses:		
Company Phone:			
INDIVIDUAL INFORMATION			
First: Middle:	Last:		
Title: Work Phone:	Mobile:		
Address:	City/State: Zip Code:		
Email:			
Additional Principal:  First: Middle:	Lasti		
	Last:		
Title: Work Phone:	Mobile:		
	City/State: Zip Code:		
Email:			
Additional Principal:			
First: Middle:	Last:		
Title: Work Phone:	Mobile:		
	City/State: Zip Code:		
Email:			
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## **₽** CORE**VEST** BROKER+ DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS

Unless noted, each question below that is answered yes, please provide an explanation on a separate page and attach to this application.

Have you or your company, or any principals or officers of your company been named as defendant in a lawsuit for alleged fraud or misrepresentation in connection with any real estate or finance related activity?  Have you or your company, or any principals or officers in your company ever been named as defendant in any criminal proceedings/complaint/litigation for alleged fraud or misrepresentation in connection with any real estate or finance related activity?  Have you, your company or any principals or corporate officers of your company ever been convicted of a crime?  Have you or your company, or principals or corporate officers of your company, ever filed for protection from creditors under any of the bankruptcy laws within the past seven years?  Have you or your company, or principals or corporate officers of your company, ever had a real estate or other professional license suspended, revoked or received any other disciplinary action from a regulatory agency?  Has any lender enforced, or attempted to enforce, the Hold Harmless or Repurchase clause of their correspondent or broker agreement with you, your company or any principals or officers of the company?  Has any investor requested the repurchase of mortgages or requested an indemnity in the last three years?  Have you or your company ever been suspended from selling or servicing mortgages by an investor?  Has your company ever had unfavorable findings with regard to mortgage operations, included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, and investory or investigating agency?	DI:	SCLOSURE STATEMENTS		
named as defendant in any criminal proceedings/complaint/litigation for alleged fraud or misrepresentation in connection with any real estate or finance related activity?  3  Have you, your company or any principals or corporate officers of your company ever been convicted of a crime?  4  Have you or your company, or principals or corporate officers of your company, ever filed for protection from creditors under any of the bankruptcy laws within the past ves seven years?  5  Have you or your company, or principals or corporate officers of your company, ever had a real estate or other professional license suspended, revoked or received any other disciplinary action from a regulatory agency?  6  Has any lender enforced, or attempted to enforce, the Hold Harmless or Repurchase clause of their correspondent or broker agreement with you, your company or any principals or officers of the company?  7  Has any investor requested the repurchase of mortgages or requested an indemnity in the last three years?  8  Have you or your company ever been suspended from selling or servicing mortgages by an investor?  9  Has your company ever had unfavorable findings with regard to mortgage operations, included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, yes supervisory or investigating agency?  (we) certify the above information to be true and correct. The undersigned declares that the foregoing	1	as defendant in a lawsuit for alleged fraud or misrepresentation in connection with any	Yes	No
been convicted of a crime?  4 Have you or your company, or principals or corporate officers of your company, ever filed for protection from creditors under any of the bankruptcy laws within the past  Yes No seven years?  5 Have you or your company, or principals or corporate officers of your company, ever had a real estate or other professional license suspended, revoked or received any other disciplinary action from a regulatory agency?  6 Has any lender enforced, or attempted to enforce, the Hold Harmless or Repurchase clause of their correspondent or broker agreement with you, your company or any principals or officers of the company?  7 Has any investor requested the repurchase of mortgages or requested an indemnity in the last three years?  8 Have you or your company ever been suspended from selling or servicing mortgages by an investor?  9 Has your company ever had unfavorable findings with regard to mortgage operations, included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, supervisory or investigating agency?  No supervisory or investigating agency?	2	named as defendant in any criminal proceedings/complaint/litigation for alleged fraud	Yes	No
filed for protection from creditors under any of the bankruptcy laws within the past seven years?  No seven years?  Have you or your company, or principals or corporate officers of your company, ever had a real estate or other professional license suspended, revoked or received any other disciplinary action from a regulatory agency?  Has any lender enforced, or attempted to enforce, the Hold Harmless or Repurchase clause of their correspondent or broker agreement with you, your company or any principals or officers of the company?  Has any investor requested the repurchase of mortgages or requested an indemnity in the last three years?  Have you or your company ever been suspended from selling or servicing mortgages by an investor?  Has your company ever had unfavorable findings with regard to mortgage operations, included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, supervisory or investigating agency?	3		Yes	No
had a real estate or other professional license suspended, revoked or received any other disciplinary action from a regulatory agency?  6 Has any lender enforced, or attempted to enforce, the Hold Harmless or Repurchase clause of their correspondent or broker agreement with you, your company or any principals or officers of the company?  7 Has any investor requested the repurchase of mortgages or requested an indemnity in the last three years?  8 Have you or your company ever been suspended from selling or servicing mortgages by an investor?  9 Has your company ever had unfavorable findings with regard to mortgage operations, included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, supervisory or investigating agency?  1 (we) certify the above information to be true and correct. The undersigned declares that the foregoing	4	filed for protection from creditors under any of the bankruptcy laws within the past	Yes	No
clause of their correspondent or broker agreement with you, your company or any principals or officers of the company?  7 Has any investor requested the repurchase of mortgages or requested an indemnity in the last three years?  8 Have you or your company ever been suspended from selling or servicing mortgages by an investor?  9 Has your company ever had unfavorable findings with regard to mortgage operations, included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, supervisory or investigating agency?  1 (we) certify the above information to be true and correct. The undersigned declares that the foregoing	5	had a real estate or other professional license suspended, revoked or received any	Yes	No
the last three years?  8  Have you or your company ever been suspended from selling or servicing mortgages by an investor?  9  Has your company ever had unfavorable findings with regard to mortgage operations, included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, Yes supervisory or investigating agency?  1 (we) certify the above information to be true and correct. The undersigned declares that the foregoing	6	clause of their correspondent or broker agreement with you, your company or any	Yes	No
an investor?  9 Has your company ever had unfavorable findings with regard to mortgage operations, included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, Yes No supervisory or investigating agency?  I (we) certify the above information to be true and correct. The undersigned declares that the foregoing	7		Yes	No
included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory, Yes No supervisory or investigating agency?  (we) certify the above information to be true and correct. The undersigned declares that the foregoing	8		Yes	No
	9	included in any audit examination or report by FHA, VA, FNMA, FHLMC or any regulatory,	Yes	No
Broker/Owner/Corporate Officer Date	 Brol	ker/Owner/Corporate Officer Date		



## **BROKER+ REFERRAL FEE AGREEMENT**

THIS REFERRAL FEE AGI	REEMENT (this "Agr	reement"), dated as of	(the "Effective Date"), is made
by and between	, a	("Referrer"), and Cor	eVest American Finance Lender LLC, a
Delaware limited liabilit	y company ("Comp	any"). As used herein, the te	erm "Parties" means all of Referrer and
Company, and individua	ally, each is referred	d to as a "Party".	

#### **RECITALS**

WHEREAS, Referrer has an existing business relationship with a potential borrower (each such borrower, a "**Prospect**");

WHEREAS, by and through Referrer's existing business relationships with Prospects, Referrer will identify and introduce Prospects to Company (each such instance, a "Referral") that desire to obtain a commercial, business purpose loan offered by the Company on terms and conditions acceptable to Company in its sole and absolute discretion ("Company Loan");

WHEREAS, Company desires to pay Referrer a Referral Fee (as defined below) for each Referral on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the terms, covenants and agreements contained herein, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- 1. <u>Referral</u>. In connection with each Referral made by Referrer, Referrer will provide Company with (i) the Prospects' loan application, (ii) the data tape of the asset(s) to be considered for financing, (iii) letter(s) of explanation from such Prospect, as requested by Company, and (iv) any other item or document Company may, in its reasonable discretion, require for purposes of providing a Company Loan or proposed terms of a Company Loan, each in the form required by Company and as completed by Prospects.
- 2. Acceptance. All Referrals hereunder are subject to acceptance or rejection by Company, in its sole and absolute discretion. At any time prior to Company and a Prospect entering into a binding written agreement for a Company Loan (each, a "**Definitive Agreement**"), Company may decline to negotiate with such Prospect, reject such Prospect, or refuse to enter into a Definitive Agreement with such Prospect for any reason or no reason whatsoever, in its sole and absolute discretion.
- 3. Referral Fee. In consideration of each Referral of a Prospect that results in a Company Loan being closed and funded to such Prospect pursuant to a Definitive Agreement, Company will pay to Referrer a referral fee (the "Referral Fee") in accordance with the applicable product rate sheet in effect at the time of the Company Loan pricing. The Referral Fee will be paid to Referrer by Company within ten (10) Business Days of the funding of the related Company Loan. For purposes of this Agreement, "Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or any day on which banking institutions in the City of New York are authorized or obligated by law, executive order or governmental decree to remain closed.
- 4. <u>Conduct Business</u>. The Parties acknowledge and agree that, except as specifically provided herein, this Agreement does not (i) restrict the ability of either Party or its representatives to engage in its business (including developing and participating in additional lines of business), (ii) prevent a Party or its representatives from competing with or against the other Party, and (iii) limit Company or its representatives' use or application of any information or knowledge acquired without breach of this Agreement. Each Party further acknowledges and agrees that the other Party may already offer or have developed or market financial products or services similar to or competitive with those of the other Party. In addition to the foregoing, Company or its representatives may be currently or in the future developing financial products and services that may be similar to all or part of Referrer's. Accordingly, nothing in this Agreement will be construed as a representation, warranty, covenant or declaration that Company or its representatives will not develop (or has not developed) financial products and services that, without violation of this Agreement, might compete with the financial products or services offered by Referrer.

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## **₽**CORE**VEST**

- 5. <u>Term</u>. The term of this Agreement (the "**Term**") will commence on the Effective Date, and will continue until terminated by Company at any time, with or without cause, by providing Referrer at least three (3) Business Days prior written notice. Upon the termination of this Agreement, this Agreement will terminate and will be of no further force and effect; provided that, all Referral Fees which have accrued prior to the effective date of termination of this Agreement, if any, will survive and continue until paid in full by Company. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, this Agreement may also be terminated by mutual written agreement of the Parties.
- 6. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement is made in, will be governed by, and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of New York without reference to its conflict of laws provisions. The Parties unconditionally and irrevocably agree that the courts sitting in New York will have the exclusive personal jurisdiction and exclusive venue over them for purposes of any actions arising out of or as a result of this Agreement.
- 7. <u>Entire Agreement; Amendment</u>. This Agreement constitutes the entire and complete agreement between the Parties concerning the subject matter hereof, and supersedes and terminates all prior agreements, understandings or representations by or among the Parties relating to the subject matter hereof. The Parties hereto may amend, modify or supplement this Agreement only by written agreement signed by each of the Parties hereto.
- 8. <u>Severability</u>. The provisions of this Agreement will be deemed severable, and the invalidity or uneforceability of any one or more of the provisions hereof will not affect the validity and enforceability of the other provisions hereof.
- 9. <u>Notice</u>. Any notice, request, other communication, or payment required or permitted hereunder will be in writing and will be deemed to have been duly given upon delivery, if delivered personally, by facsimile, by electronic transmission (with sufficient evidence of proof of successful transmission and delivery) or by recognized overnight courier service, or three (3) days after deposit, if deposited in the United States mail for mailing by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, and addressed to the following addresses until such time as written notice of a change of address is given the other Party.

Referrer:	Company:
	1920 Main Street, Suite 850
Attention:	Irvine, CA 92614
Email:	Attention: Chief Operating Officer



10. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which will be deemed an original, and all of which together will constitute one and the same instrument. This Agreement, and any amendments thereto, to the extent signed and delivered by means of a facsimile transmission or as an attachment to an electronic mail message in "pdf" or similar format, will be treated in all manner and respects as an original agreement or instrument and will have the same binding legal effect as if it were the original signed version thereof delivered in person.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties, intending to be legally bound, have executed this Agreement as of the Effective Date.

	REFERRI	ER:
Sig	ınature:	
	Name:	
	Title:	
	COMPA	NY: ST AMERICAN FINANCE LENDER LLC
	Ву:	
	Name:	
	Title:	
	Authoriz	zed Signatory

### Form **W-9**

(Rev. August 2013) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

# Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	Name (as shown on your income tax return)				
ge 2.	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above				
Print or type See Specific Instructions on page	Check appropriate box for federal tax lassification:  Individual/soleproprietor  CCorporation  SCorporation  Partnership	Exemptions (see instructions):			
or type uctior	Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C= C corporation, S= S corporation, P= part	nership) <b>&gt;</b>	Exempt payee code (if any)		
Print o	☐ Other (see instructions) ▶		Exemption from FATCA reporting code (if any)		
ecifi	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Requester's name and	address (optional)		
Sp		COREVEST AMERICAN FINANCE LENDER LLC			
See	City, state, and ZIP code	1920 MAIN STREET, SUITE 850 IRVINE, CA 92614			
	List account number(s) here (optional)				
Part I	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)				
Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on the "Name" line to avoid backup withholding. For individuals, this is your social security number (SSN). However, for a resident alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other entities, it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get a TIN</i> on page 3.					
to enter		se number <b>Employe</b>	er identification number		
Part II	Certification				

Under penalties of perjury, I certify that:

- 1. The number shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a number to be issued to me), and
- 2. I am not subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I have not been notified by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or dividends, or (c) the IRS has notified me that I am no longer subject to backup withholding, and
- 3. I am a U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below), and
- 4. The FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting is correct.

Certification instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that you are currently subject to backup withholding because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions on page 4.

Sign	Signature of			
Here	U.S. person ▶	<b>•</b>	Date	

#### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. The IRS has created a page on IRS.gov for information about Form W-9, at www.irs.gov/w9. Information about any future developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) will be posted on that page.

#### Purpose of Form

A person who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) to report, for example, income paid to you, payments made to you in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, real estate transactions, mortgage interest you paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, or contributions you made to an IRA.

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident

alien), to provide your correct TIN to the person requesting it (the requester) and, when applicable, to:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),
  - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. Note. If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien,
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States,
- An estate (other than a foreign estate) or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnersh ip to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partners hip for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity,
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust, and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
  - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph

2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

What is backup withholding. Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS a percentage of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

#### Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 4 for details),
  - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN,
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See Exempt payee code on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships on this page.

What is FATCA reporting? The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

#### **Updating Your Information**

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

#### **Penalties**

**Failure to furnish TIN.** If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

**Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding.** If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal penalty for falsifying information.** Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

#### **Specific Instructions**

#### Name

If you are an individual, you must generally enter the name shown on your income tax return. However, if you have changed your last name, for instance, due to marriage without informing the Social Security Admini stration of the name change, enter your first name, the last name shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

If the account is in joint names, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of the form.

**Sole proprietor.** Enter your individual name as shown on your income tax return on the "Name" line. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA)" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Partnership, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name on the "Name" line and any business, trade, or "doing business as (DBA) name" on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

Disregarded entity. For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulation section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on the "Name" line. The name of the entity entered on the "Name" line should never be a disregarded entity. The name on the "Name" line must be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on the "Name" line. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

**Note.** Check the appropriate box for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on the "Name" line (Individual/sole proprietor, Partnership, C Corporation, S Corporation, Trust/estate).

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the person identified on the "Name" line is an LLC, check the "Limited liability company" box only and enter the appropriate code for the U.S. federal tax classification in the space provided. If you are an LLC that is treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, enter "P" for partnership. If you are an LLC that has filed a Form 8832 or a Form 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation, as appropriate. If you are an LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner under Regulation section 301.7701-3 (except for employment and excise tax), do not check the LLC box unless the owner of the LLC (required to be identified on the "Name" line) is another LLC that is not disregarded for U.S. federal tax purposes. If the LLC is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the appropriate tax classification of the owner identified on the "Name" line.

Other entities. Enter your business name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on the "Name" line. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity name" line.

#### **Exemptions**

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the Exemptions box, any code(s) that may apply to you. See Exempt payee code and Exemption from FATCA reporting code on this page.

**Exempt payee code.** Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding. Corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, such as interest and dividends. Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.

**Note.** If you are exempt from backup with holding, you should still complete this form to avoid possible erroneous backup withholding.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding:

- 1 An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
  - 2 The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3 A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4 A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
  - 5 A corporation
- 6 A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a possession of the United States
- 7 A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
  - 8 A real estate investment trust
- 9 An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
  - 10 A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
  - 11 A financial institution
- 12 A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13 A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,0001	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 <sup>2</sup>
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

**Exemption from FATCA reporting code.** The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements.

- A An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
  - B The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C A state, the District of Columbia, a possession of the United States, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Reg. section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(l)
- E A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Reg. section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
  - G A real estate investment trust
- H A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
  - I A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
  - J A bank as defined in section 581
  - K A broker
- L A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)
- M A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

#### Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

**Enter your TIN in the appropriate box.** If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your

IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an  $\blacksquare N$ , you may enter either your SSN or  $\blacksquare N$ . However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see *Limited Liability Company (LLC)* on page 3), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note.** See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local Social Security Administration office or get this form online at <a href="https://www.ssa.gov">www.ssa.gov</a>. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/businesses">www.irs.gov/businesses</a> and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note.** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

**Caution:** A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

#### Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on the "Name" line must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt payee code earlier.

**Signature requirements.** Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5, below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney, and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

**3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.

- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

#### What Name and Number To Give the Requester

	For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1.	Individual	The individual
2.	Two or more individuals (joint account)	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account <sup>1</sup>
3.	Cust odian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor <sup>2</sup>
4.	<ul> <li>a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)</li> <li>b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law</li> </ul>	
5.	Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner <sup>3</sup>
6.	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
	For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
7.	Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
8.	A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity <sup>4</sup>
9.	Corporate or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	
10.	Asso ciation, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
11.	Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12.	A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
13.	Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	, ,
14.	Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method	

- <sup>1</sup> List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.
- <sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.
- <sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or "DBA" name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- <sup>4</sup> List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see *Special rules for partnerships* on page 2.
- \* Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

**Note.** If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

#### Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, social security number (SSN), or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to *phishing@irs.gov*. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: *spam@uce.gov* or contact them at *www.ftc.gov/idtheft* or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

#### **Privacy Act Notice**

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.